

A. B. OWENS, No. 70 High st., Portsmouth, Va., will furnish subscribers to the *Evening Star* with their papers regularly every morning after its issue.

JEREMIAH KIDWELL, Esq., is appointed our agent for collecting subscriptions to the *Daily Evening Star* and *Weekly Star*, in the State of Virginia. We commend him to the kind attention of our friends.

We have recently obtained a new Adam's job press with all the latest improvements, which has been built in the course of the summer and fall expressly to our order. This expensive machine makes our press room as complete, for all descriptions of work, as any other in the country. Our friends will now find us ready, at a moment's warning, to execute any description of job printing whatever, in capital style, and at rates as reasonable as job printing can be done for in any other office in Washington. We have been at very heavy expense, indeed, to perfect this branch of our establishment, so as to be able, on the shortest notice, to suit all tastes, and to fulfill any orders with which we may be favored.

SPIRIT OF THE MORNING PRESS.
The *Intelligencer* argues indirectly to justify the action of the French Government in the case of Mr. Soule, quoting various accounts of the affair to that end. That journal's own Paris correspondent in commenting on the affair says:

"Mr. Soule's diplomatic character in no way is to be considered in this proceeding of the French Government, for that applies only to Spain. Here he is no more than any other private citizen. He is, in fact, when in France, a French subject, for neither this nor any other European Government, so far as I am informed, recognizes the right of its subjects to renounce their allegiance. It is the United States which think proper to confer on foreigners the rights of citizenship. The European Governments say, 'This is all very well' so long as they remain in the United States to enjoy their rights there; but when they return to their native country our laws and immunities consider them as our subjects. To not otherwise consider them as our subjects to admit the obvious absurdity that the laws of the United States are to supersede our own laws on our own soil.' It is not probable that the French Government may say to Mr. Mason, in way of explanation, 'we have merely prohibited one of our own subjects from entering our own territory,' and refuse all other reply. I, however, do not like the appearance of the thing in any way, for it looks very much like an intended and marked act of discourtesy, and as such, an intimation of the unfriendly feeling of the Emperor towards us nationally."

The *Union* dissects Mr. Clayton's recent manifesto, joking unmercifully over his intimation that he "went in for" the new party because there are not enough Whigs in the State (of Delaware) to offer any reasonable prospect of electing a Whig ticket."

The *Sentinel* gives its readers all the facts within its reach concerning the conduct of the French Government to Mr. Soule.

The Massachusetts Election.

Gardner, the Know Nothing candidate for Governor, proves to have been elected by about 32,000 majority.

The following members of Congress have been elected, all Know Nothings, Free Soil, and Anti-Fugitive Slave Law:

Dist.—1 Rev. Robert B. Hall, of Plymouth
2 James Buffington, of Taunton
3 Wm. B. Darnell, of Dedham
4 James B. Conins, of Roxbury
5 Anson Burlingame, of Cambridge
6 Timothy Davis, of Gloucester
7 Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.
8 Chauncey L. Knapp, of Lowell
9 Alexander De Witt, of Worcester
10 Rev. Mark Trafton, of Westfield.

Of the ten members of the present Congress, who were candidates for re-election but two were chosen, Nathaniel P. Banks and Alexander De Witt, both Free Soil Democrats. The rest are Free Soil Whigs.

PERSONAL.

Gas Light Foster has turned up at Philadelphia as a writer for the *Sunday Review*. He lectured on Monday evening last, on "The Press of Philadelphia."

The Hon. Reverdy Johnson, of Baltimore, now in England, has written to a friend at Washington, a letter, in which he says that American in London, of all parties, consider the conduct of Louis Napoleon in the affair of Mr. Soule as an insult to our government.

Thos. Swann, Esq., has written a letter, declining to be a candidate for election to the Presidency of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. This will, no doubt, secure the reelection of the present excellent President, Wm. G. Harrison, Esq.

On Monday morning last, Col. Egerston, of Baltimore, was thrown from his horse and considerably injured. We trust that he will soon recover. Baltimore could not afford to lose such a clever fellow.

An exchange paper in noticing the death of Governor Burts, says: "He was a brother to the member of the House from South Carolina, and succeeded Mr. Gallagher as the appointee of the present Administration to the office of Third Auditor. He was a man of agreeable sentiments and manners, a Huguenot by descent, and of course opposed to persecution for opinion's sake. He diffused a happy and pacific influence throughout his division of the Treasury Department, on which many onsets were made by Congressmen and outsiders, to put out incumbents and put in their friends. Such efforts displeased him. He was opposed to proscriptive John C. Calhoun, who, however retrograde in action in doctrine, was a statesman of uncommon political integrity, and though a metaphysical perfectionist, a sincere believer in the Constitution, and a friend of his country."

Mr. Burts' anti-proscriptive influence, like Mr. Burts' (on the other side) was good; and dying, he was harassed by no spectres of women and children bereaved of their necessary support by his having turned the husband and father out of an humble office.

General Rafael Espinosa, Governor of Lower California, has recently discovered rich gold and silver mines near San Jose, Lower California. One silver mine of immense richness is spoken of, the mouth of which was closely covered with decayed wood, showing that it had been worked at some remote period. Near the mine stands an old dilapidated house, the walls of which were ornamented with specimens of antique painting in Indian colors, and inside the walls is a huge tree growing in solitary majesty. A coal mine of uncommon richness has recently been discovered this side of Cape St. Lucas. The discoverer is taking steps to secure it from the Mexican Government, when he proposes to form a company for the purpose of working it. It is within eight days' sail of San Francisco, and is near a good landing.

The appointment of Gen. Whitney, as civil superintendent of the army at Springfield, Mass., appears to give general satisfaction.

The following distinguished gentlemen reached this city yesterday: Hon. Joshua Vassant, and ex-Governor Lowe of Maryland; Hon. W. Aikin of South Carolina, and Robert Tyler, Esq., of Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Our Affairs in Europe.—We have ascertained that the mails brought by the Atlantic, arriving here on the day before yesterday with those of the America, (sailing four days before, as well as those of the St. Louis, sailing seven days before,) brought despatches for the various foreign embassies in Washington, as well as to the Government, up to the very latest dates from nearly all the European capitals. We feel certain that they convey most interesting and exciting news. We have to say on the authority of a private letter from Paris, from a distinguished American, addressed to the senior editor of the *Star*, that during his very recent stay in Paris on his way to London, Mr. Soule carefully abstained even from conversing with intimate friends upon any topic about which his views, if reported to the Government, might, perchance, give offence. He conducted himself while there with most scrupulous care, so as not to afford his enemies an opportunity to find fault with his presence and bearing. So, it is very certain that he has given no occasion for the wanton insult offered to him by the French Government, and through him, it seems to us, to the Government of the United States. Our impression is that, so far, the American Government are not in possession of the correspondence with reference to this affair that has undoubtedly transpired between Mr. Mason and the French Foreign Affairs Minister, which fact must preclude full instructions on the subject from going out by the next steamer.

Our impression also is, that in the probable entire absence of specific allegations against the conduct of Mr. Soule in France, as the reason for his treatment by the French government, the United States authorities can hardly fail to regard it as a deliberate insult, requiring the recall of Mr. Mason and the sending off of the French minister here; or, in other words, a suspension of diplomatic relations with France. True, France has, under perhaps the most generally accepted interpretation of the law of nations, the right to be thus uncourteous to any American minister not specially accredited to herself. Yet, in availing herself of that right, without a valid reason for so doing, she wantonly insults the Government sending him abroad, and must take what seems to us to be the natural consequences of her course—not war, but a suspension of her diplomatic relations with us. It strikes us as clearly the duty of our Government of the United States, at all hazards, to sustain their representative against whom personal prejudice only can be alleged. Surely, if the ordinary courtesies cannot be secured to them by the force of this Government's position as a member of the family of nations, no one of them may be reasonably expected to be successful in the prosecution of any diplomatic business of importance to our national interests. Louis Napoleon, in this case, is apparently calculating upon the immunity which the present anti-radical tone of French popular sentiment gives him, to indulge in tricks of the "beggars on horseback."

He has, however, gone too far, for his own future, we feel assured.

We learn that the letters received by the different European embassies here, are full of gossip over this affair.

Ily Repaid.—During the whole of the last session of Congress the spouting men among the able and worthy gentlemen composing the conservative portion of the Massachusetts delegation in the House of Representatives, to our amusement at least, seemed bent on "out"-abolitionising the avowed abolition members from that State. All will remember the Anti-Nebraska speeches of Messrs. Walley and Elliot, and that they were more ultra and vehement against the guaranteed rights of the South under the Constitution, than those of any other members from that region of the confederacy. This struck us as but an effort to make sure of the Free Soil vote at home, or at least of a fair share of it, in the election just passed. They thus assumed a position for themselves and their other conservative colleagues wholly antagonistic to what their friends at home had been contending for ever since the beginning of their struggle with the Higher Law party there. Not content with thus placing themselves on the record, on their return home, all these gentlemen, perhaps with the exception of Mr. Appleton, are understood to have taken active parts in counseling the passage of the very ultra abolition resolutions which were passed by the last Massachusetts State Convention in the hope of securing the triumph of Governor Washburn and the return of their nominees for Congress. Pray, what have they gained by their course in this matter? Have they not effectually cut themselves off from the Southern Whig party, as well as from the Silver Grey Whigs of New York, who voted against Clark because he went as far upon the abolition platform as they did?

The Free Soilers gladly used their self-stultification only to break the political heads of these gentlemen, who had no sooner given in their adherence to the most revolutionary anti-slavery doctrines, than they were practically kicked down the back stairs, for men who could, in all respects, be relied on to suit their purposes—for ultra and unmitigated abolition South-haters of long standing. Every man of these gentlemen to whom we refer first above, has been defeated, and such abolitionists as we describe have been chosen in their stead; and almost the very name of the conservative Whig party of the State has been obliterated.

Most Important Improvements.—We understand that, a few days since, the Secretary of the Treasury received the reports of Messrs. Schellenger, of Sag Harbor, N. Y., and Dunham, of Ocean county, N. J., on whom he sometime since devolved the duty of making the investigation necessary to enable him properly to carry out the law of the last session of Congress providing additional means for the saving of life on the coast of the United States, endangered by wrecks. From these reports, we understand, it has been determined to expend the appropriation on the coast of Long Island and New Jersey. To that end, we are informed that, yesterday, instructions were duly issued by the Secretary directing that the number of life-boat stations on those coasts shall be doubled. That is, that there shall be one every five miles, instead of every ten miles, as at present. At each of these stations there is to be provided a house for the temporary shelter of the wrecked, capable of containing 400 souls. Each station also has a life-boat, a mortar to throw three hundred fathom (900 feet) of hemp shot line, so that it may fall over the wrecked vessel, where it is made fast, and serves as a conductor for both the life-boat and life-car, which, by that means, are enabled to pass rapidly between the shore and

THE CALIFORNIA NEWS.

BY THE NORTHERN LIGHT.

This morning we have our California files, by the Northern Light, which vessel arrived at New York yesterday, as announced by telegraph.

The Northern Light brought 446 passengers and \$564,405 on freight from San Francisco, per steamship Sierra Nevada, from California on the 24th October, making the passage to New York in twenty days and twelve hours, which is considerably the quickest yet performed between the two cities.

It is said that a proposition has been made by the Government of the Sandwich Islands to the Cabinet at Washington for annexation, on the condition that the United States Government shall pay to King Kamehameha III. \$300,000 yearly during his life, and the same yearly sum after his death to the heir apparent, Prince Alexander Lipolipo, during his life.

The Democratic papers are engaged in a lively war with the Senators. Ex-Congressman Marshall has moved to Maryland, in the southern half of the State, of being chosen Senator under the cry of "Senator from the North." This city is according to common parlance among the politicians in the south of the State, north of the center of population. All the Senators heretofore elected have been from this city, and now the cry is "a Senator from the north."

Marshall, as written, as it appears, some anonymous articles attacking Garrison rather roughly, and Gwin's organs reply without waste of compliments.

The Meigs affair has been swiftly followed by a multitude of discoveries of the other frauds and defalcations of various kinds. Two of the later city officials are now on trial, charged each with embezzling the sum of \$300,000. A prominent broker, it is said, has defrauded a principal of \$36,000, and spent the money. A jurymen, who was bribed, drew several thousand dollars from the briber, and when the latter refused to pay more, he turned State's evidence. Add these to the Meigs frauds, loss of the Yankee Blade, and the Walker trial, and San Francisco can show a pretty good budget of news during the last three weeks.

[From the Los Angeles Star.]
GOLD IN LOWER CALIFORNIA.

Don Juan Ramirez has just returned from a visit to Lower California, and has furnished us with the following interesting items of news:

Gold has been discovered in large quantities in a place named Los Maritius; these places were abandoned for want of water, but as soon as the rainy season sets in they intend to recommence digging.

In the valley of Rafael, it was reported that an Indian had found gold on the surface, and that he had brought in near a pound to San Rafael.

If the discoveries of gold prove true, Lower California may begin to hope for better things in the future.

THE INDIAN MASSACRES IN OREGON.

By the last arrival from Oregon, we have full reports of the horrible butchery of a train of immigrants near Fort Boise. Sixteen persons were found murdered, and three children were carried off by the Indians. Mr. R. Thompson, United States Indian agent, writes from the Grande Ronde, September 6, that the report of the murder by the Indians of three men belonging to another train, is fully confirmed.

It occurred on the 19th of August, about ninety-five miles east of Fort Boise, on the Jefferson road. The train consisted of five wagons, under the command of Mose Kirkland, from Louisiana. They were met by eleven Indians, who accosted them in the most friendly manner by shaking hands. Three men, who were in the rear of the wagons, after speaking with the Indians, turned to go and were fired at. One was killed, and another wounded. The wounded man has since died. Their names were George Lake and Walter G. Perry.

Another correspondent, writing from Fort Boise, says:

From what I can learn, there is a determination on the part of the Snakes to kill and rob all who may fall into their power. They say the Americans have been continually telling them, that unless they ceased their depredations an army would come and destroy them, but no such thing has been done, and that the Americans are afraid of them, and say that if we want to fight them to come on.

UTAH.
Deseret news is to the 21st of September.

SNOW STORM IN AUGUST.—The News says a snow storm commenced on the evening of the 20th of August, and continued with intervals to the night of the 22d. Ensign Mount and the top of the mountains east of Salt Lake City were white with snow for a short time.

ARRIVAL OF UNITED STATES TROOPS.—Col. E. J. Stepien arrived at Salt Lake City, with his command, en route for California, on the 31st of August. The officers under Col. Stepien are Major Reynolds, Captain R. Ingalls, Quartermaster and Commissary; Lieutenants Tyler, Mowry, Livingston, Chandler and Allison; H. R. Wirtz, Surgeon. There are about 175 soldiers, being two companies of artillery, one of infantry, and about 150 employees, or Quartermaster's men. The wagons and carriages, and about 1,000 head of horses and mules. It is understood that Col. Stepien proposes hiring Winter quarters in Salt Lake City for the officers and troops, and locating the employees and animals in Rush Valley, about ten miles south of Tooele City.

We now learn, by way of Salt Lake City, that the Indians attacked Fort Laramie, took it, plundered and burnt it.

BALTIMORE CORRESPONDENCE.
The Excursion—Office Seekers—Meeting of the Bar—Advance in Railroad Stock—Selden and Withers, Virginia and North Carolina Notes.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 14, 1854.

Several members of our City Council, other corporation officers and citizens, including visitors from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington and elsewhere, left Baltimore this morning on the excursion to attend the formal opening of the Central Ohio Railroad at Columbus. After this event, we shall have direct railroad communication with all parts of the country, which must add greatly to our trade and commerce.

I learn there was quite a pressure of office seekers at the Mayor's office to-day. His Honor is almost run down, and endeavors to conciliate the many anxious applicants by saying he will take their cases into consideration at the earliest practical moment. The Inaugural Address has produced some uneasiness, especially that part of it which intimates a determination to make the appointments with reference to merit and entirely independent of party considerations or predilections. If, therefore, in the course of his events, our new Know Nothing chief magistrate should become Tylerized, trouble will issue from the wigwag. No appointments of consequence are expected to be made before the commencement of the new year. According to custom, the old officers retain their places, police especially, until March. It is not considered humane to turn them adrift in cold weather, when business is enervated and the officers are slim for obtaining other employment.

The members of the Baltimore Bar assembled to-day in the chamber of the Superior Court, Chief Justice Taney presiding, and paid tribute to the memory of David Hoffman, Esq., their late brother and professional associate, who died suddenly some days ago in New York. The accustomed resolutions were adopted, and several eloquent eulogies pronounced by distinguished members of the bar. Mr. Hoffman, until recently, resided for several years past in London, and was the author of that learned, singular and very interesting work, one volume of which has already been published, called "Chronicles of Cartophorus, or the Wandering Jew." Several volumes of it are still in manuscript, but ready for the press. His early death, on this account, is the more to be regretted, as the work would have been a most valuable addition to the literature of the day.

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IN HIS PLACE HAS NOT YET BEEN INTIMATED—PERHAPS MR. GARRET.

There was an advance in the stock of the company to-day, and I think it has probably touched bottom.

The note of Messrs. Selden, Withers & Co., your Washington bankers, have been in bad repute here for some days. Some of our heavy operators however, express entire confidence in them. The brokers also refuse all the issue of the Virginia State stock bank issues. Even the best Virginia and North Carolina notes are at a heavy discount. Our Maryland currency is now the most reliable we ever had. Gold and silver are used almost exclusively for small payments, while the bank paper is as good as coin. The sooner worthless or doubtful paper is driven out the better.

BAN BOLT.

TUSCARORA No. 8. Improved and Order and the public in general that they will give a Ball on THURSDAY EVENING, 7th of December, at Odd Fellows' Hall, Navy Yard. Particulars in a future advertisement.

J. H. O'BRIEN, Treasurer.

REMOVAL.—GEORGE F. DYER, Auctioneer and Comptroller, has removed his office to D Street, first house from the corner of Tenth st. west, where he will be pleased to see his former patrons and the public generally. nov 15-1w

GRAND MILITARY BALL.
THE PRESIDENT'S MOUNTED GUARD will give their SECOND GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC BALL at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 23d.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Lieut. Bohley, Capt. Heise,
Lieut. Flint, Quartm. Evans,
J. Pedford. (Int.)
nov 15-3t

FIRST GRAND BALL OF THE ORDNANCE CLUB.
THURSDAY, December 11.

THE ORDNANCE CLUB respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that their FIRST GRAND BALL will be given on THURSDAY, December 11, 1854, at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, Navy Yard.

Particulars in future advertisement.
nov 15-1w

GRAND BALL.
FIRST GRAND ANNUAL BALL OF THE GOOD WILL CLUB.

THE MEMBERS OF THE CLUB take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the public generally, that their FIRST ANNUAL BALL will be given on THURSDAY, November 10th, at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, Navy Yard.

Every exertion will be made by the Club to give satisfaction to all who may honor them with their presence.

A superior Cotton Band is engaged for the occasion.

The R-freshments are placed into the hands of the well-known caterer, Mr. Weaver.

No Hats or Caps will be allowed in the room, except those of the Ladies.

Tickets ONE DOLLAR—can be obtained from the Managers or at the door on the evening of the Ball.

MANAGERS.
Mr. Brown, Wm. Noer, R. McCormick,
G. Dabart, H. Hutchins, J. Walling,
I. Thomas, S. Galt, S. Moran,
J. Posy, J. Nolan, Wm. Ritchie,
J. Hagin, H. Du'ant, J. Spelman,
C. Davis, J. Mattingly,
S. Gorman, Wm. Elwood, J. Franklin,
Wm. Davis, H. Miller, J. Maddox,
John Shackelford.

Master of Ceremonies—Mr. COOCHIEU.
nov 15, 16, 27, 29, 30.

LUMBER! LUMBER!
50,000 cu ft Albany white pine Lumber 4-4 to 12

5,000 feet Cherry 6 4 to 12 4
5,000 do do 4-4 and 5-8
5,000 do do 4-4 and 5-8
10,000 do ash 4-4 to 16-4, wide and clear
5,000 do poplar 4-4

Just received and for sale by
J. B. WARD & BFO.
Twelfth street and canal.

SHIRTS—SHIRTS.—We have just received a large and fine assortment of white and colored shirts of best quality, made in the most manner and warranted to fit, which we are selling at very low prices. Also, a large quantity of fine Merino Under-shirts and Drawers for cold weather.

W. L. & STEPHENS.
Penn. avenue, next door to Iron Hall.
nov 15-3t

WINTER MILLINERY.
MRS. M. A. HILLS.

Will open a large assortment of the above goods on THURSDAY, November 16th, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

A FEW MORE LEFT.
I HAVE yet unused several Lots in squares No. 915 and south of No. 916, fronting on Maryland avenue, between Eighth and Ninth streets east, to which I would call the attention of those desiring a Lot upon eligible terms.

The price ranges from sixty to one hundred and thirty-five dollars, payable in installments of five dollars per month. GEO. F. DYER, Auctioneer and Commissioner in Charge, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL.
This city will be re-opened for the reception of guests on the 27th of this month. The repair of the Kitchen from the basement to the rear of the building, and the alterations in and about the dining room, will add greatly to the convenience and comfort of its guests. The Hotel is furnished with the best of the markets can afford, and served in the best style, and no expense or labor will be spared to render the house, in every respect, equal to the best of New York. The number, therefore, of a gentleman public house, will be increased by liberal patronage which has always been extended to the house. Persons desiring to procure rooms for the winter, can do so at any time after the 20th, by calling at the Hotel.

Washington City, November 14, 1854.
nov 15-1t [Intel Union, Sent, Globe, &c.]

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!!!
We have on hand and for sale the PIANO FORTE, which will be sold at auction, and at low prices, in order to clear out our stock.

These Pianos are equal, if not superior, to any in the market, and each purchaser will receive a written guaranty of their durability. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere at the Music Depot of HILBUS & HITT, South side Penn. avenue, nov 15 between Tenth and Eleventh streets.

OLD NOVELS—A LARGE NUMBER, Laid aside by the undersigned to send to auction, may be bought in the mean time at reduced prices or cash.
nov 14 FRANK TAYLOR.

JUST RECEIVED, per Schooner
J. Paulina, TWO HUNDRED AND NINE TONS WENHAM LAKE ICE.

L. J. MIDDLETON,
Office on side F, next to corner 12th st.
Depot corner 26th and B streets west.
nov 14 (Nat. Int. Union, and Sentinel)

WOOD FOR SALE.
ON LIEUT. BUNNETT'S PINE FARM, TWO miles from the Long Bridge, above the toll-gate, in Alexandria county, VA, PINE AND OAK WOOD for sale. Oak, \$2 00; and Pine \$3 12 1/2 per cord. Apply to W. CARLIN, Agent.

FOR SALE—EXCEL